

Scene Setting and Intended Workshop Outcomes



Workshop co-Chairs:

Alex Ruane, Jess Fanzo, Michael Puma, Senthold Asseng, and Cynthia Rosenzweig

AgMIP / AGCI Next-Generation Food Shocks Modeling Workshop

Aspen Global Change Institute
Aspen, Colorado
May 20th, 2019

Thanks
to AGCI



Next-Generation – Step change in the capabilities, design, user-friendliness, scope, connections, and accessibility

See also: Antle et al. (2017) and Janssen et al. (2017) -- Ag Systems

Food Shock – An acute interruption of the normal food system, which can have complex and far-reaching societal impacts

Modeling – Analytic tools allowing exploration of observed and unobserved system behaviors, fundamental system processes, and the effect of system changes (i.e, interventions)

Workshop – Time for us to put our heads together, move outside our comfort zones, build something better, and chart a course forward



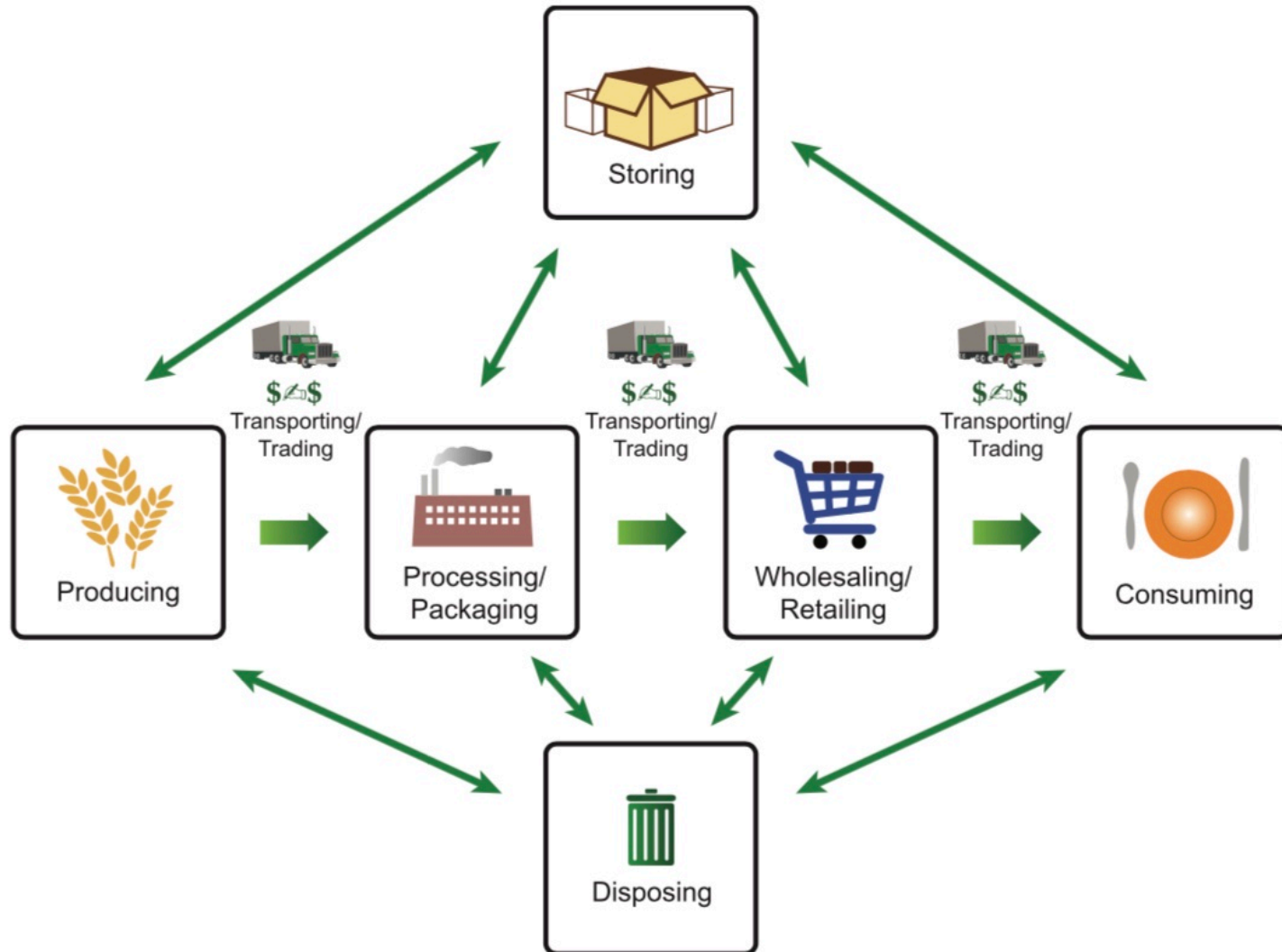




Many communities
Many actors
- decision contexts
Many models
Many interventions
- responsive
- proactive

Many gaps in current understanding
- processes
- feedbacks
- interventions
- unintended consequences

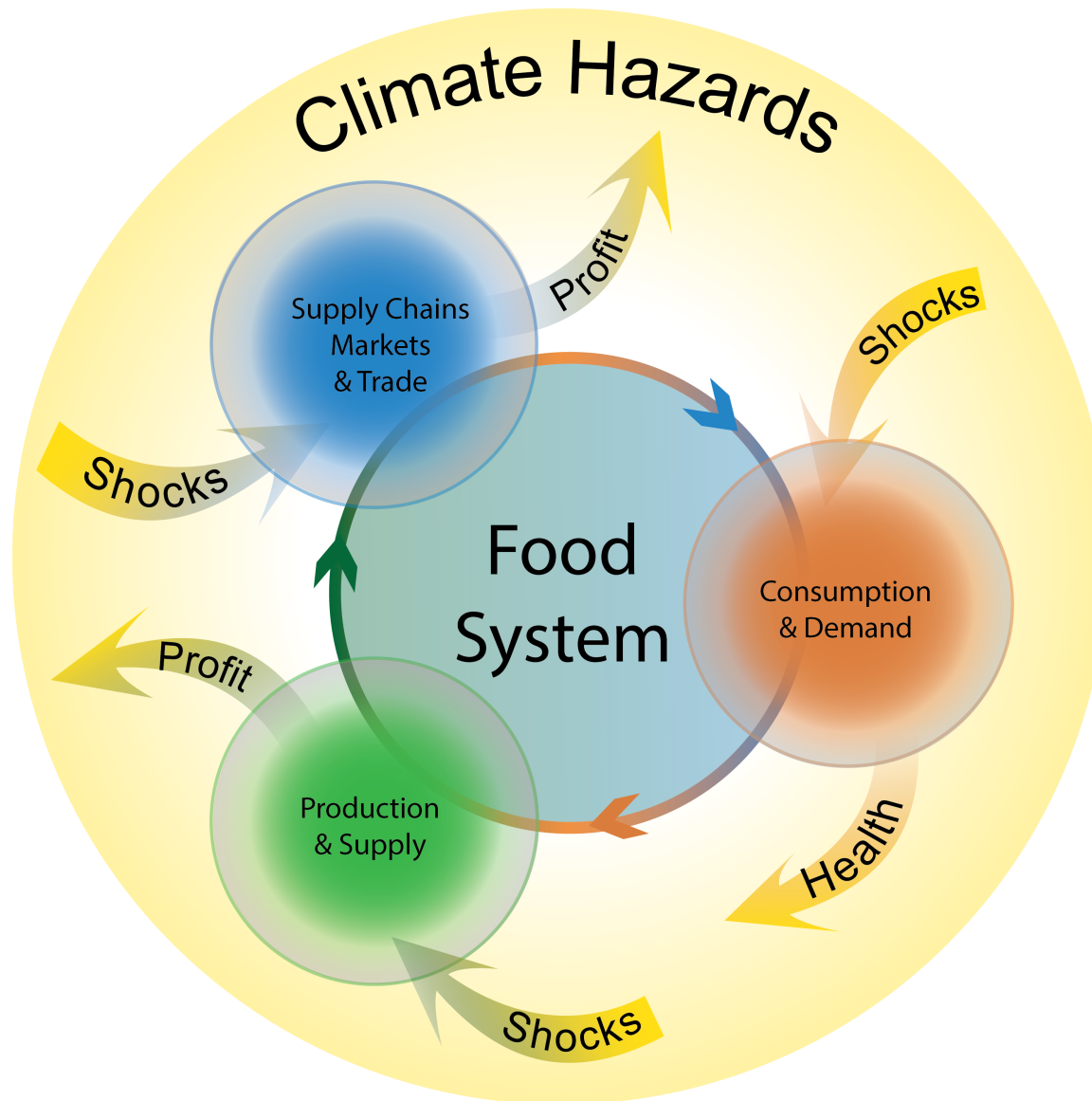
Shocks can hit many food system links

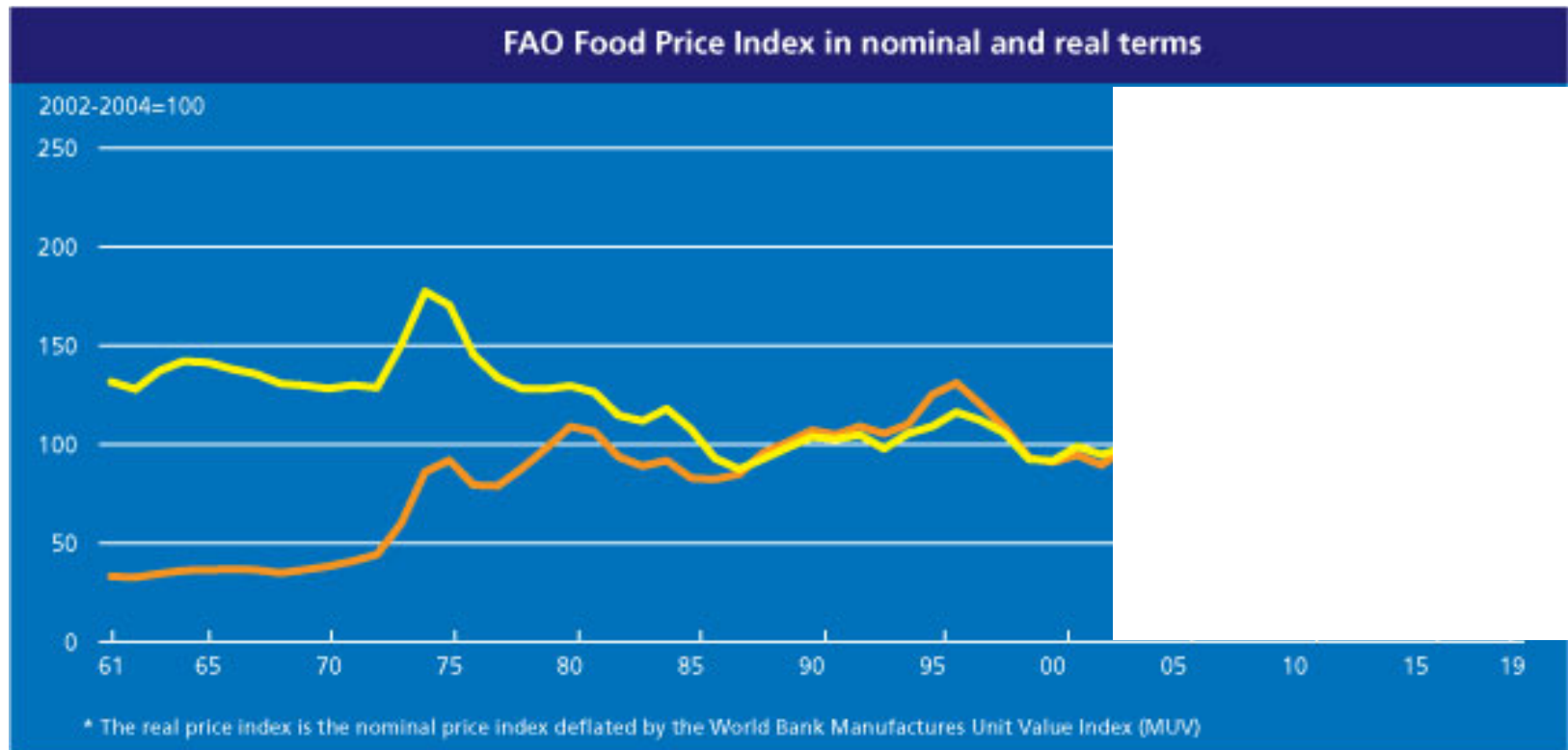


This network graph illustrates the global trade landscape. The nodes, representing countries, are color-coded by region: blue for Europe (e.g., DEU, FRA, ITA, UKR, RUS), green for Africa (e.g., EGY, ZAF, KEN), red for Asia (e.g., CHN, JPN, KOR, IND, PAK), purple for Latin America (e.g., BRA, ARG, COL, VEN), and yellow for Oceania (e.g., AUS, NZL). The edges represent trade flows, with the thickness of the lines indicating the volume of trade. The USA is a central hub with numerous connections, particularly to Europe and Asia. Other major hubs include DEU, FRA, and CAN. The graph shows a high density of trade relationships, especially between major economic powers and their trading partners.

Key inputs and outputs in connected systems





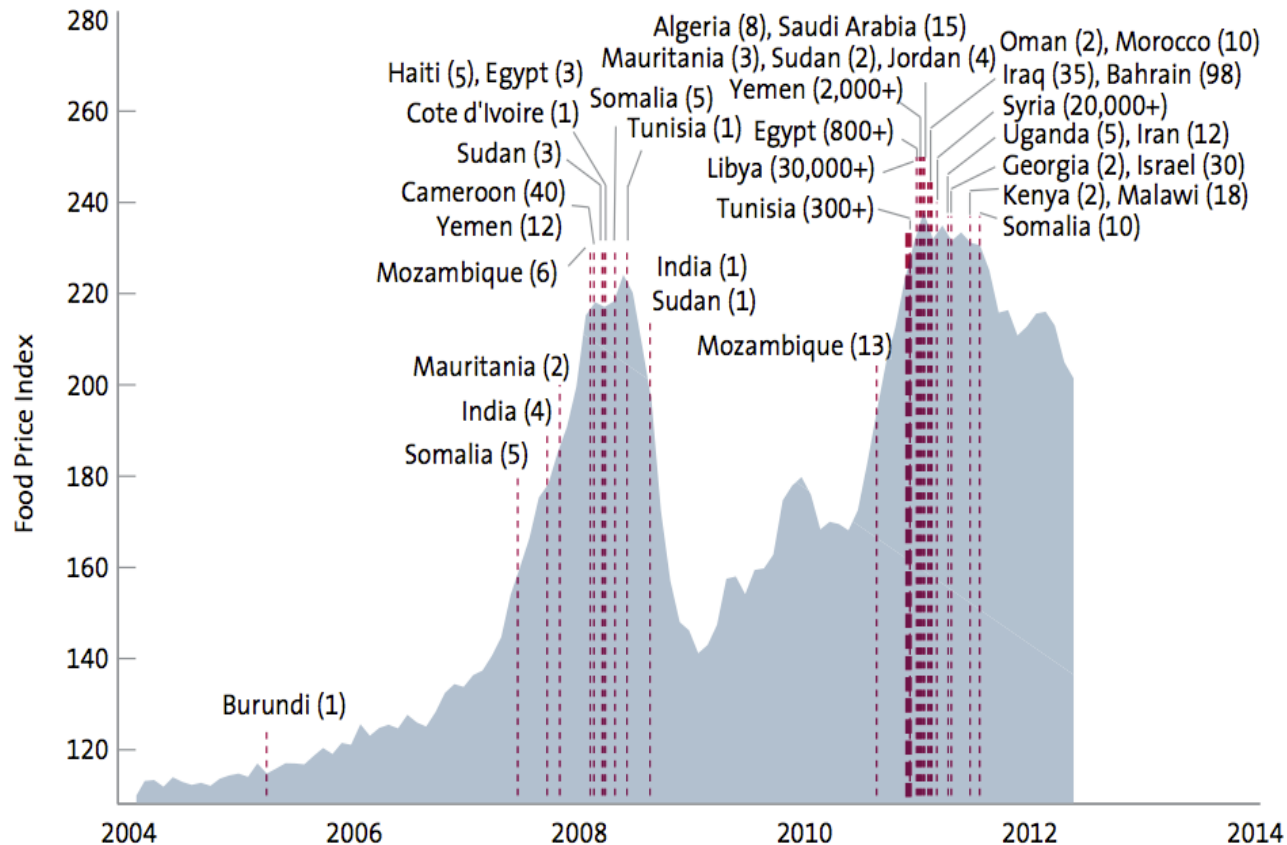


FAO Food Price Index 1961-2019
2002-2004 = 100; FAO, 2018

Assumption of perpetually declining food prices now called into question.

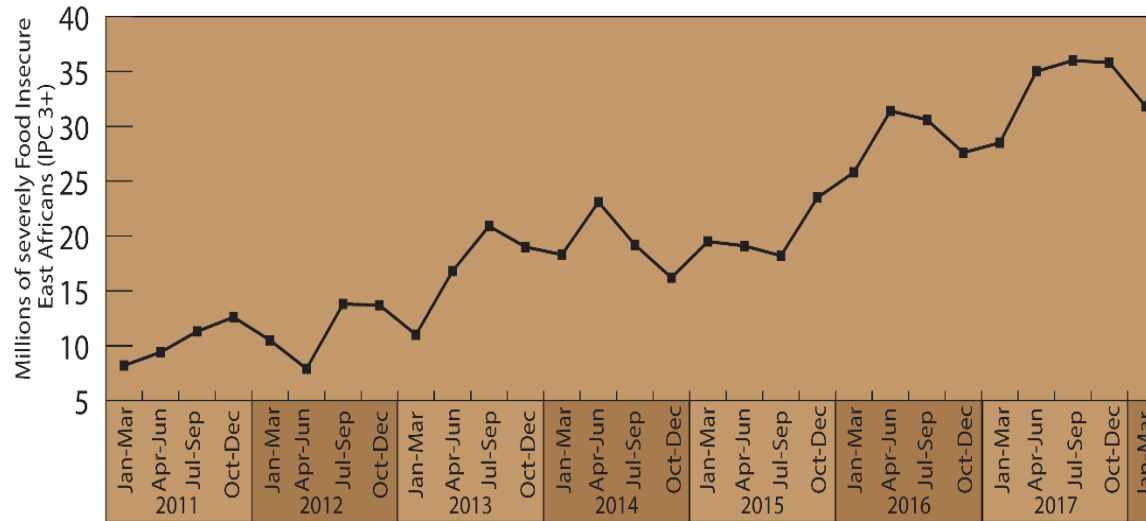
Spikes due to: poor climate in some production regions, energy price spikes, declining food stocks, trade policy, expansion of biofuels

Consequences: increased number of malnourished, shift in diets, reduced spending on other essentials, gender-based outcomes, social unrest, migration



Red dashed lines correspond to the beginning dates of “food riots” and protests in North Africa and the Middle East between 2004 and 2011. The overall death toll is indicated in parentheses next to each country.

Source: Lagi, Bertand, Bar-Yam 2011.



Millions of severely food insecure East Africans

Funk et al., 2019

- Impact varies widely across region and population
- Short- and Long-term health impacts

Drivers

Climate & atmosphere

Temperature
Precipitation
Carbon dioxide
Ozone ...

Non-climate factors

Soil fertility
Irrigation
Fertilisers
Demography
Economics
Socio-politics...

Responses

Production aspects

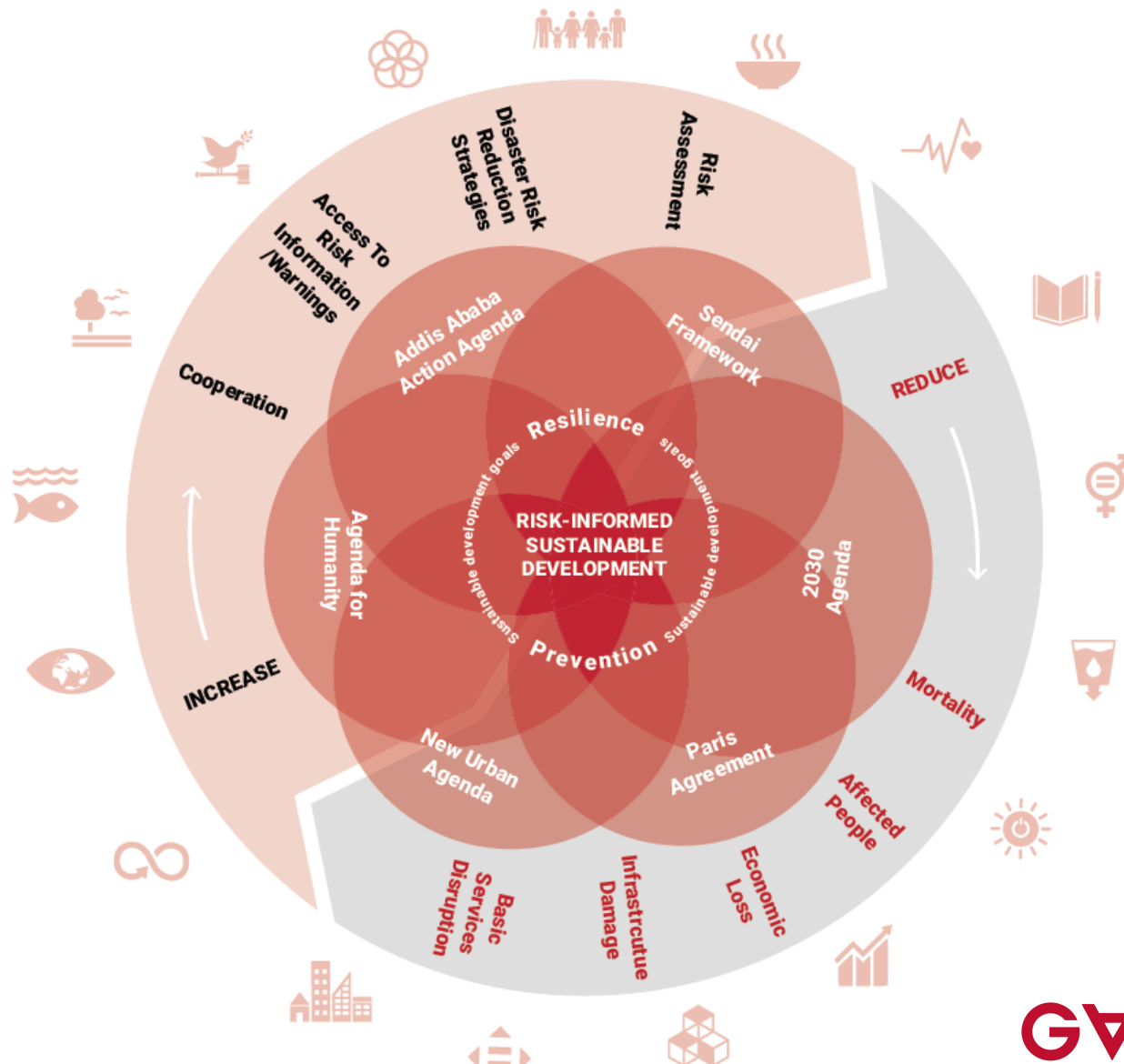
Crops
Livestock
Fish...

Non-Production aspects

Incomes
Processing
Transport
Storage
Retailing...

Food security

Food systems adapted to ensure availability, access, utilization and stability

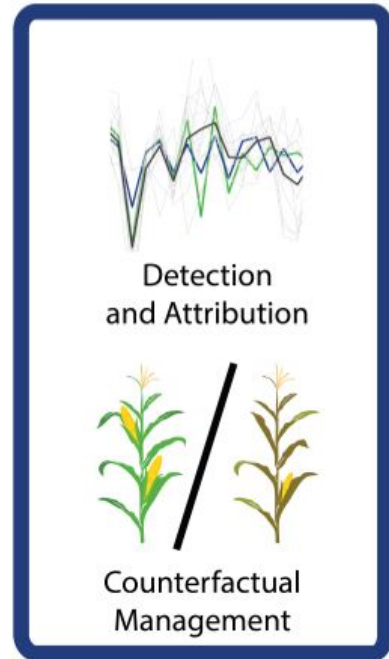


The Agricultural Model Intercomparison and Improvement Project (AgMIP)

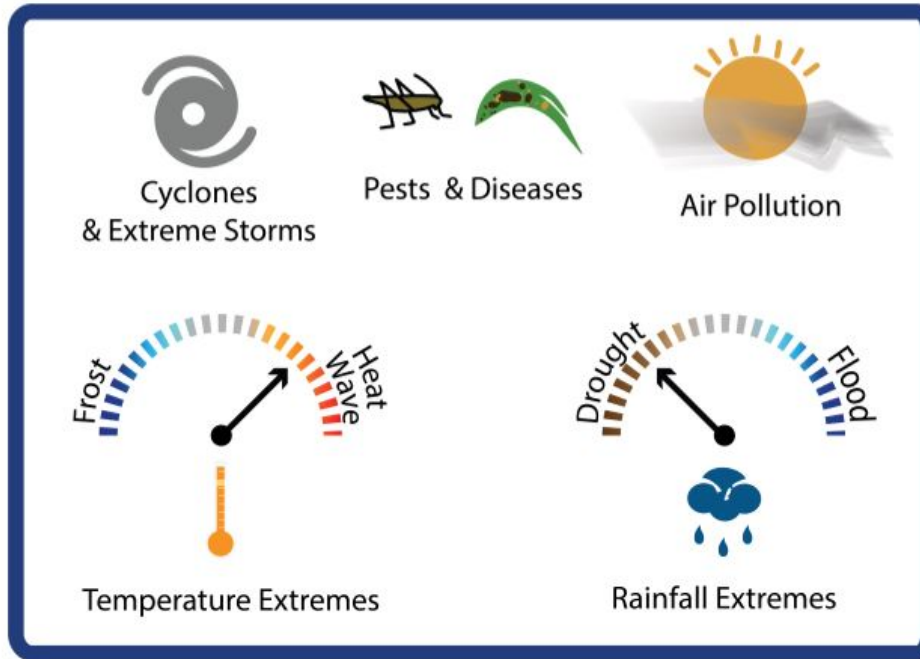




AgMIP is an international community of 1000+ **climate scientists**, **agronomists**, **economists**, and **IT experts** working to improve assessments of **current and future risks to food security** in order to **build a more productive, sustainable, and resilient future**



Historical



Real-time and Seasonal Outlook



Long-term Outlook

Retrospective Analysis

Monitoring

Forecasting

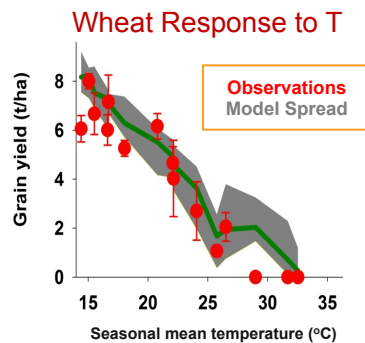
Projections

Understanding

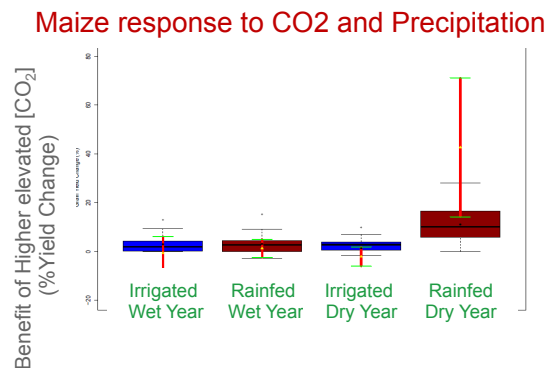
Reactive Interventions

Proactive Interventions

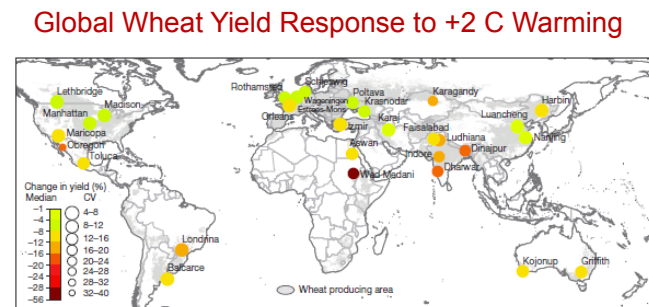
Multi-site, multi-model AgMIP climate response studies have now been published for wheat, maize, rice, potato, canola, and sugarcane



Asseng et al., 2015



Durand et al., 2018

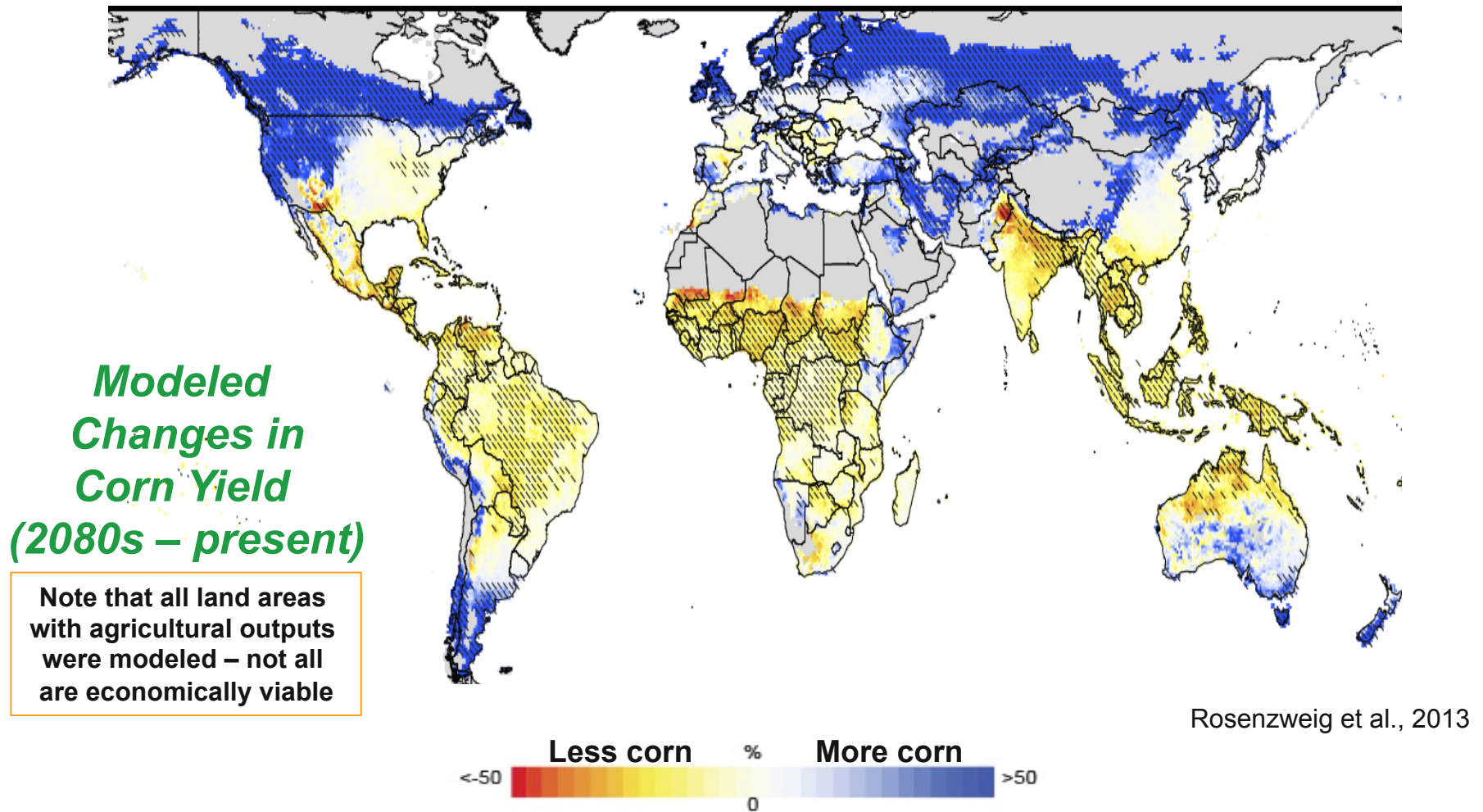


Asseng et al., 2015

Progressive levels of investigation

- Fundamental model processes
- T, CO₂, P → combinations → adaptation
- Site based intercomparison → global survey → designed global network

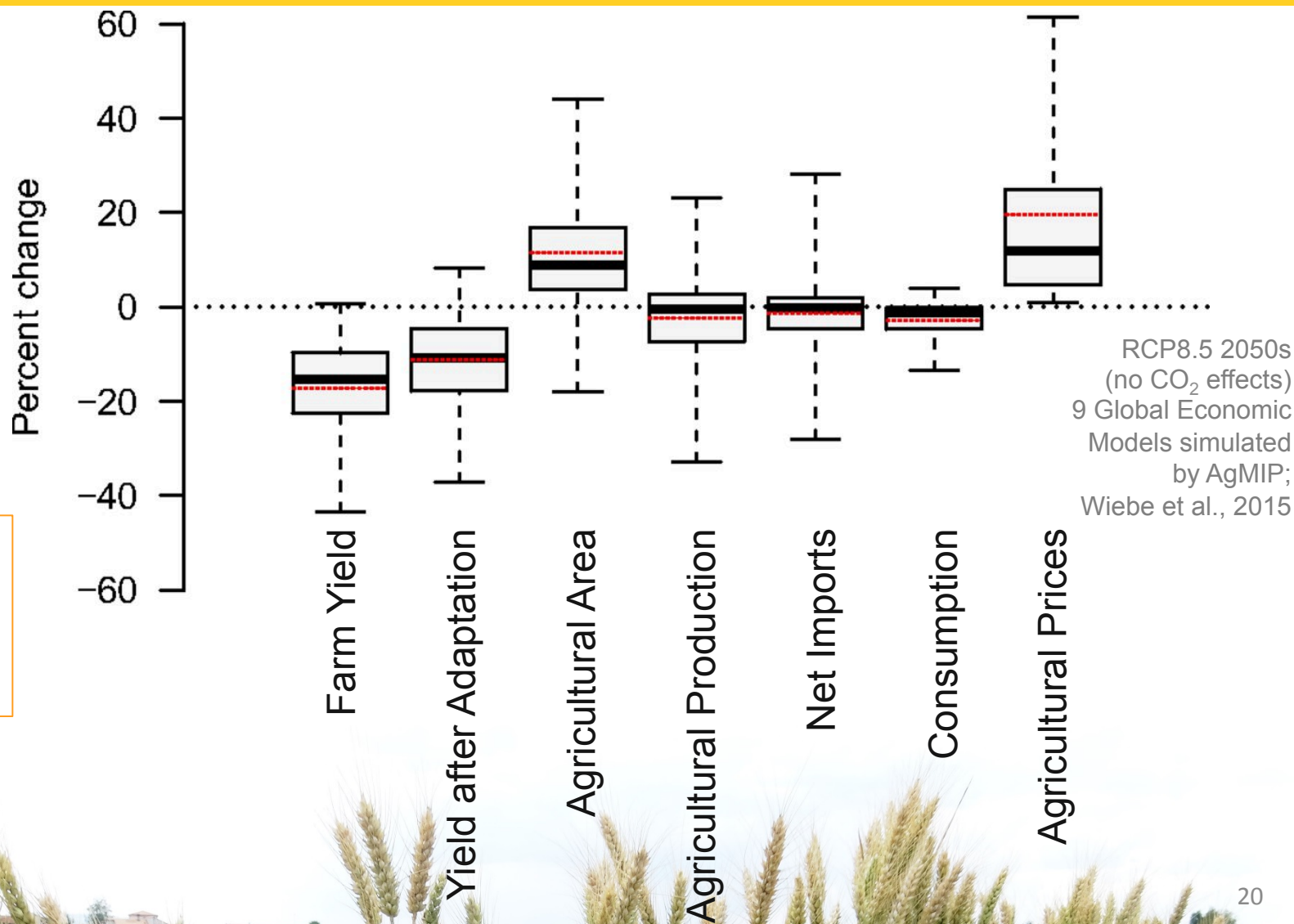
We need more crops, sites, and model participation!

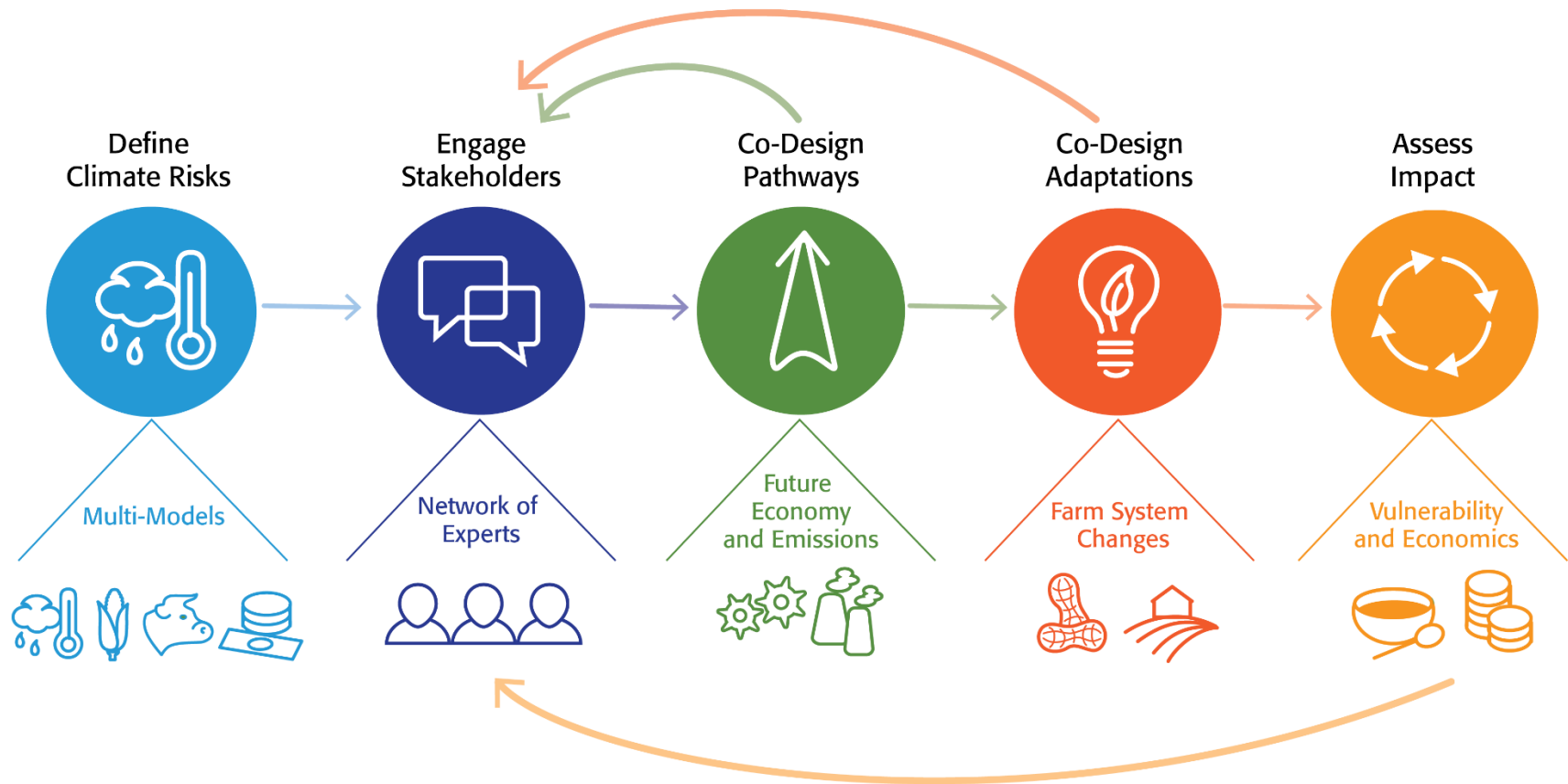


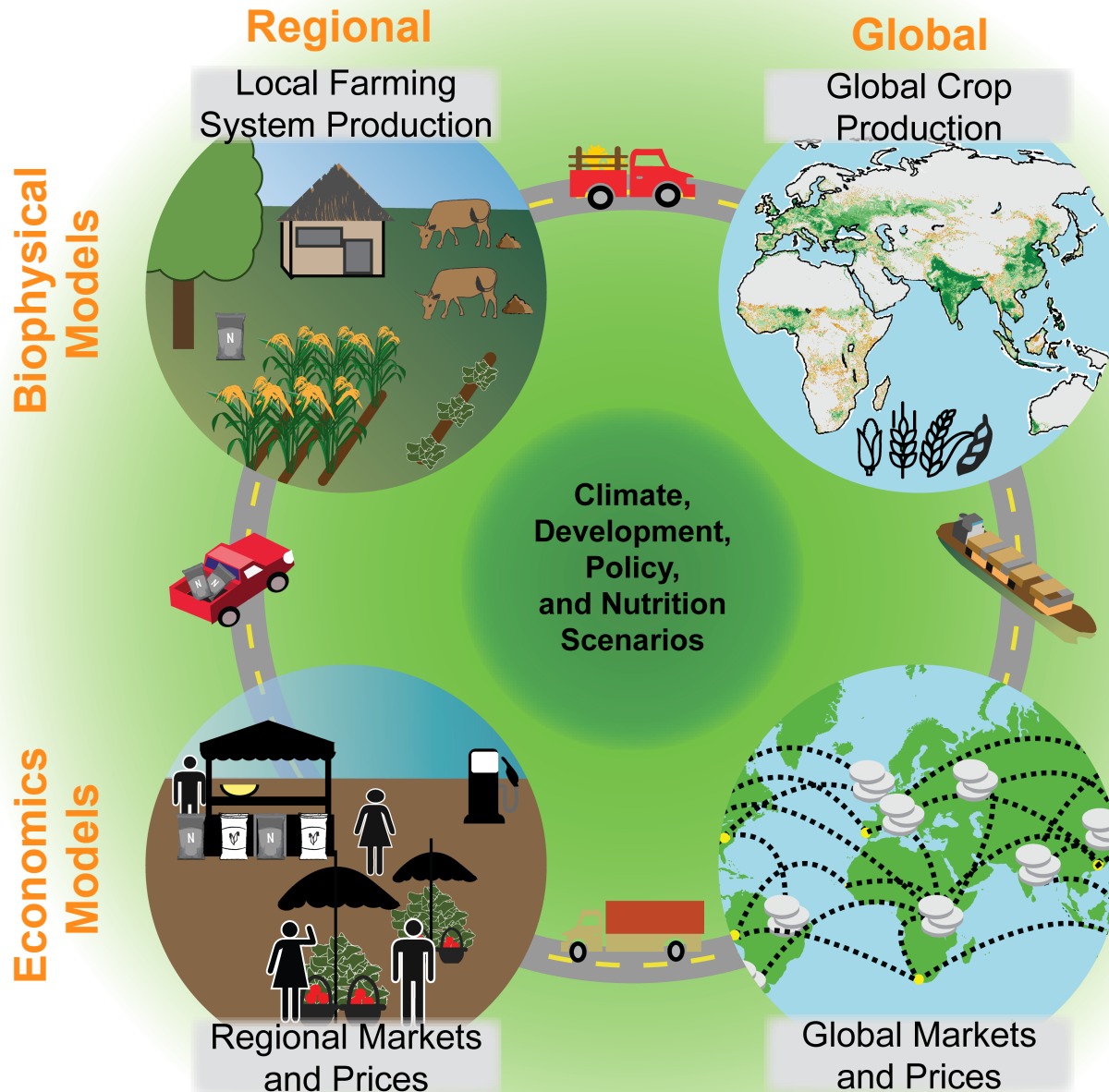
5 GCMs, 7 GGCMs; hatched = 70% agreement in sign of change

Global Economic Model Results

Future with climate change vs. Future without climate change

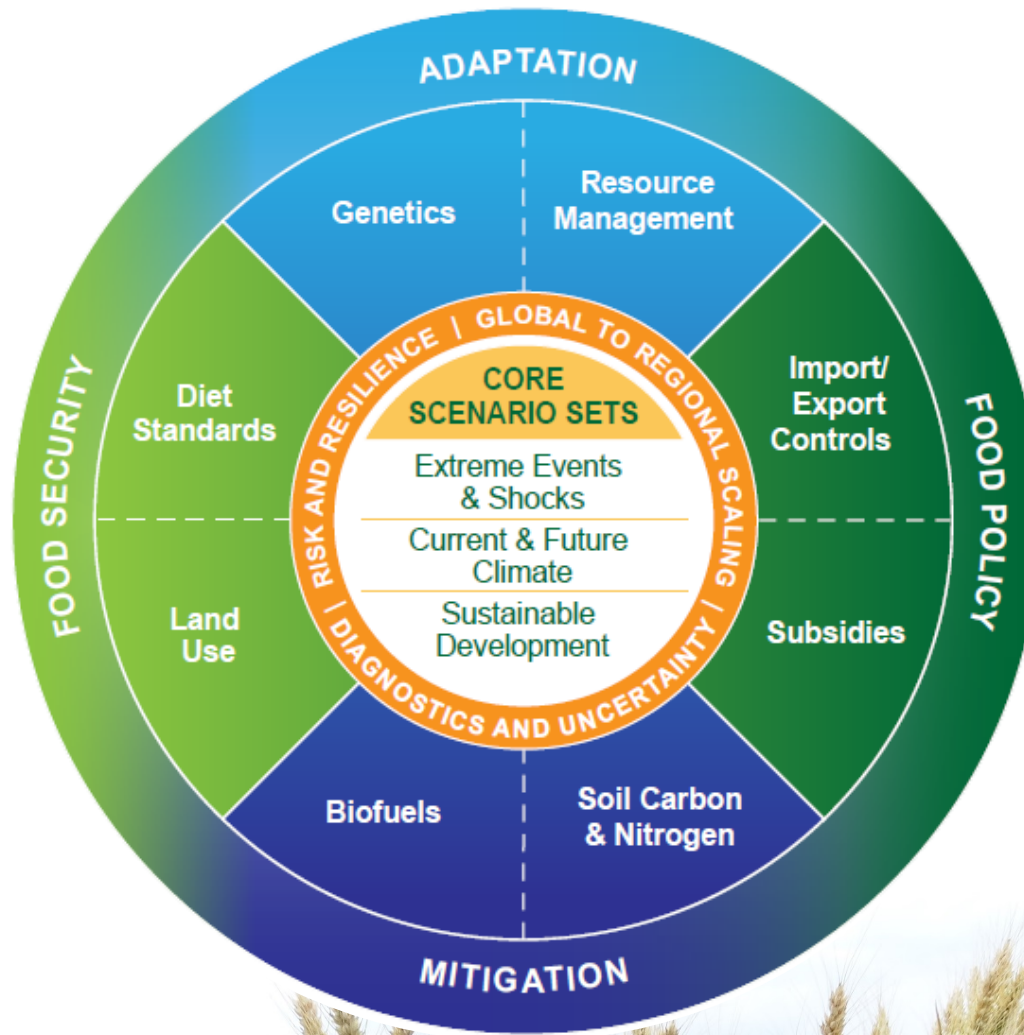






Ruane and
Rosenzweig,
2019

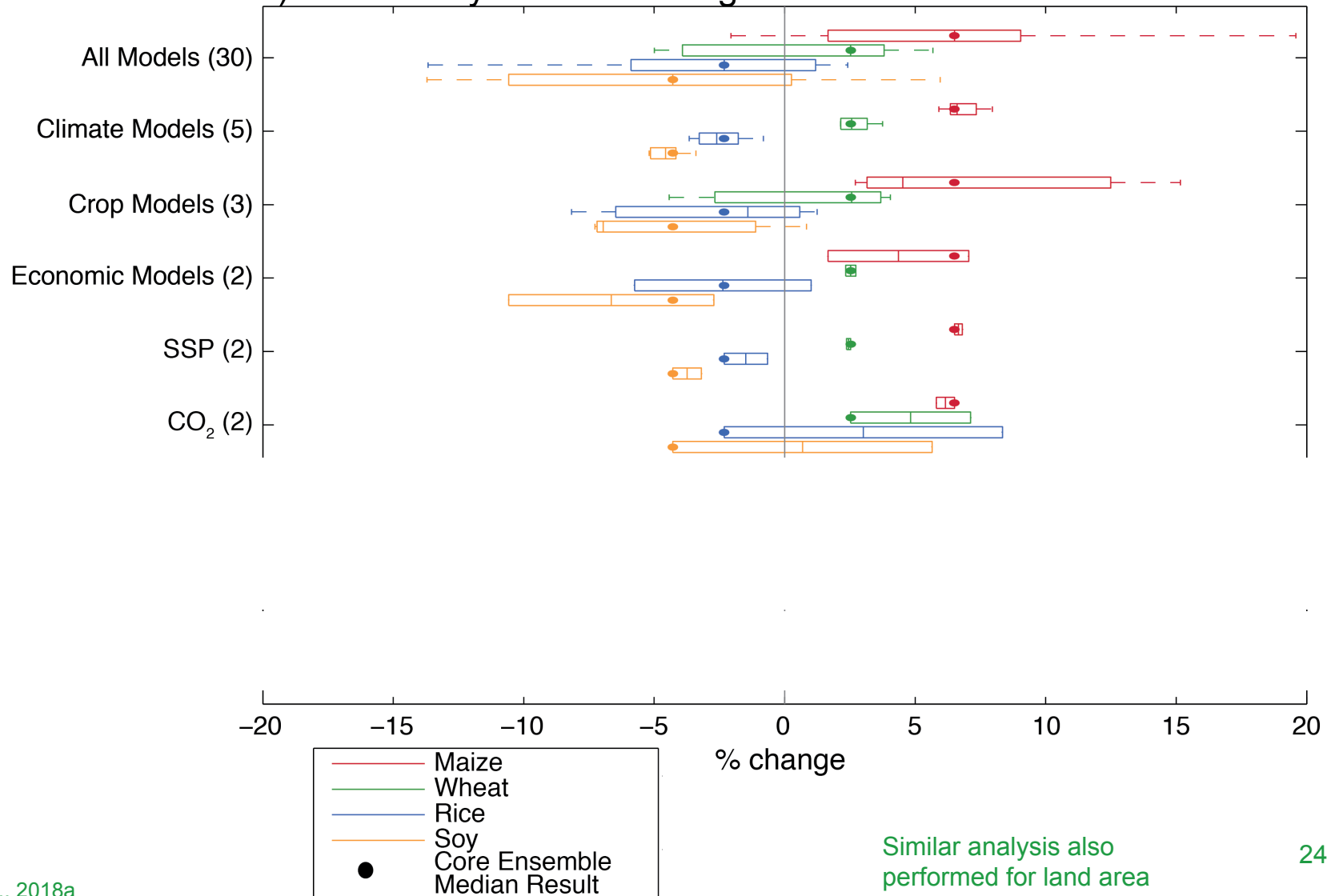
(CGIAR
Foresight)



Built off of 2016
AgMIP / AGCI Workshop

Rosenzweig et al., 2016

a) Uncertainty in Price Changes



Similar analysis also performed for land area

Presents AgMIP results through key messages, maps, infographics, and 'sandbox' data explorer to engage a variety of stakeholder interests and

AgMIP Impacts Explorer

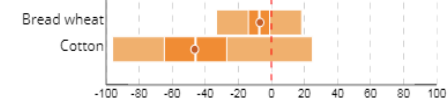
HOME REGIONS DASHBOARD DATA EXPLORATION METHODOLOGY SEARCH

Punjab Pakistan

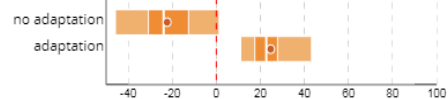
Overview Impacts Vulnerability Adaptation

Farms: Small to large irrigated cotton-wheat cropping system
Climate 2050s: 2.5 to 3.8 °C hotter and likely drier than today
Impacts: Negative for cotton yields and stable or decline in wheat yields
Adaptations: Package of improved management, seeds, water conservation, insurance and mechanization

Climate Change Impact on Yields (2050s)



Climate Change Impact on Net Farm Income (2050s)



Vulnerability (2050s)

74% negatively impacted by climate change.

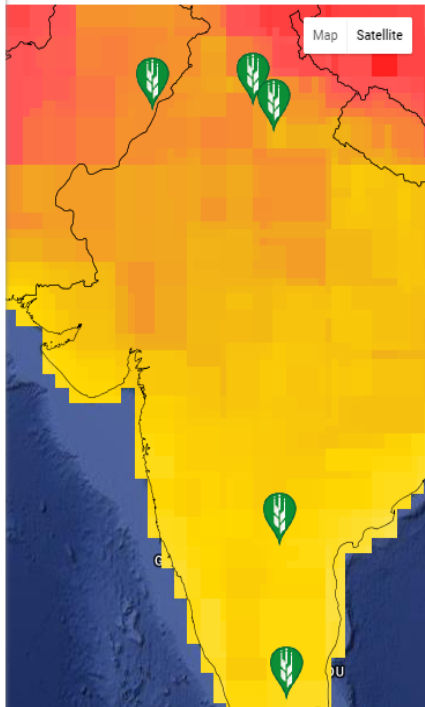


Adaptations (2050s)

58% benefit from adaptation packages.



Read more Explore data



Regional Integrated analysis for 15 countries in Sub-Saharan Africa and South Asia

REGIONAL SUMMARY



How will climate change, socioeconomic development, and adaptations shape the future of regional agriculture?

Start here for main messages and impacts discussions.

READ MORE

SPATIAL DASHBOARD



Explore impacts, vulnerability and adaptation of farming systems with maps and infographics of key findings.

Compare major results across regions and systems.

VISUALIZE RESULTS

DATA EXPLORER



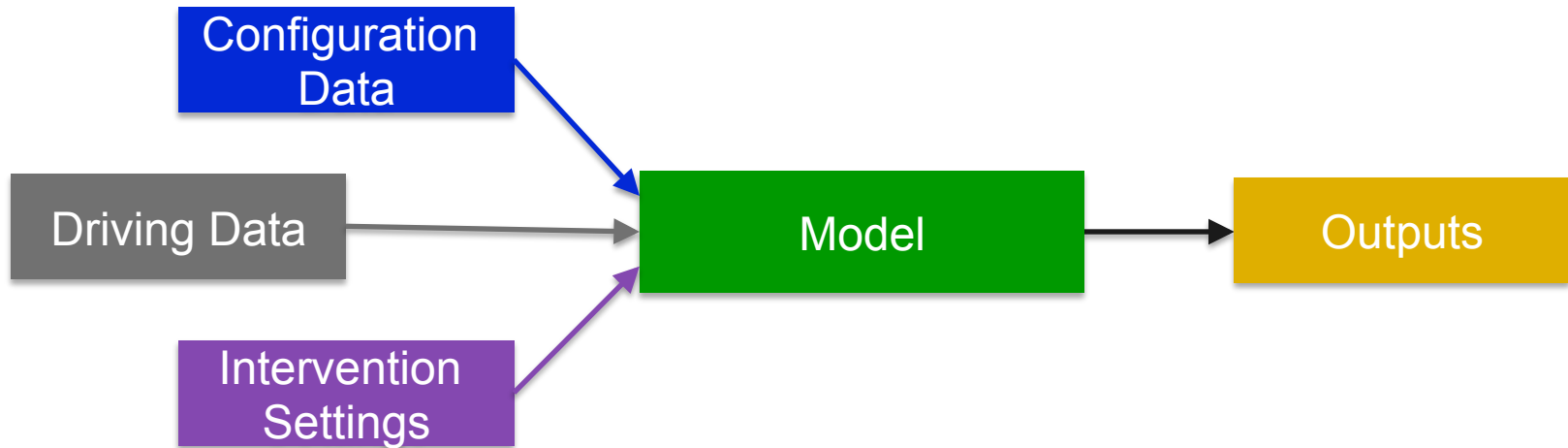
Access, filter, and create custom figures from regional integrated assessment outputs.

Provides more detailed exploration for expert users.

EXPLORE DATA

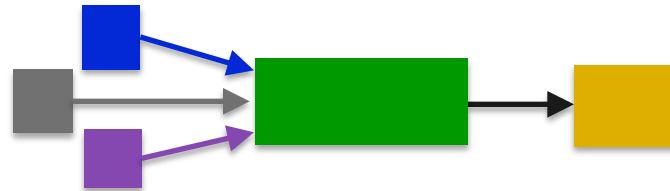
Linking Models for Societal Benefit



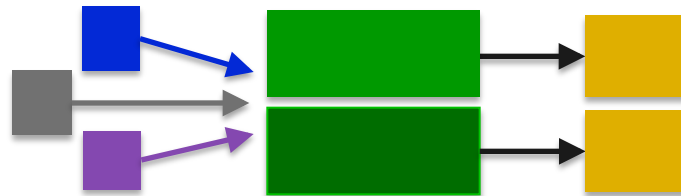


Further details needed for coupled systems and gaps

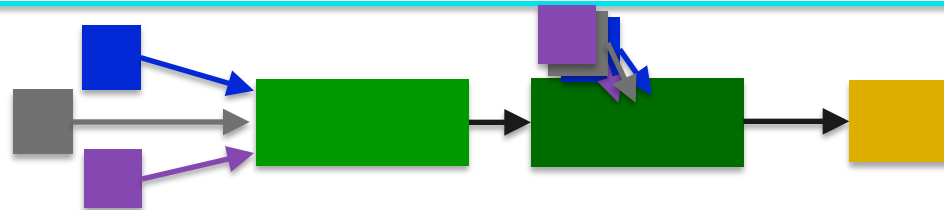
Standard Model



Multi-Model



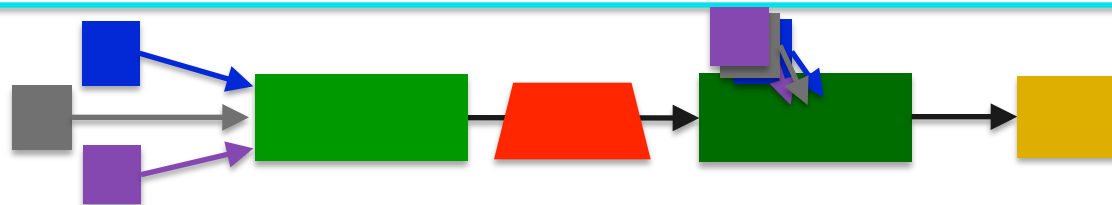
Direct Linkage



Overlapping Linkage



Translator needed for linkage



The Week Ahead



- 1. Identify aspects of food systems that introduce critical vulnerabilities.**
- 2. Explore food shock decision contexts that would benefit from better scientific information and policy approaches.**
- 3. Develop modeling approaches, data sources, and model-data protocols for food shocks.**
- 4. Tailor planning with perspective on anticipatory (resilience) and reactive (responsive) adaptations to food shocks.**

Key Questions

- **What do decision makers need from modeling community?**
- **How can we best utilize current community knowledge and resources to address food system shocks?**
- **What could we have in 5 or 10 years that would allow us to better inform decisions around food shock response and resilience?**
- **What are critical steps in pathway to build that next generation system? (*"if we had X, we could do Y"*)**

Products

- 1. White Paper → Perspectives piece and research agenda for publication**
- 2. Specific proposals for next-generation food shock modeling and decision support**

Monday

AM: Introduction, context and stakeholder perspectives

PM: Stakeholder perspectives (continued), key challenges (+ *reception*)

Tuesday

AM: Model capabilities and possibilities

PM: Model approaches (continued), opportunities for next-generation

Wednesday

AM: Decision contexts and decision support

PM: Excursion (+ *public event and lecture*)

Thursday

AM: Application approaches and Framework Development

PM: Development of case studies and proposals

Friday

AM: Framework refinement and path forward

PM: [*Adjourn*]